

8.2 Graph Simple Rational Functions

$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ "hyperbola"

KEY CONCEPT

For Your Notebook

The graph of the parent function $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ is a hyperbola, which consists of two symmetrical parts called branches. The domain and range are all nonzero real numbers.

Any function of the form $g(x) = \frac{a}{x}$ ($a \neq 0$) has the same asymptotes, domain, and range as the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$.

Feb 3-9:19 AM

Guess who's back? 1st form of rational functions

Steps to Graph $y = \frac{a}{x-h} + k$

- Draw Asymptotes
VA: $x=h$ Vertical Asymptote
HA: $y=k$ Horizontal Asymptote
- Plot 1 point either left or right of VA. Choose width.
- Draw arms/branches across from one another.

Special Note: if there is no "h" or "k" value → the asymptotes are 0.

| | | |
|-------------------|------------|-----------|
| ① $\frac{4}{x}$ | VA: $x=0$ | HA: $y=0$ |
| ② $\frac{4}{x-1}$ | VA: $x=1$ | HA: $y=0$ |
| ③ $\frac{4}{x+1}$ | VA: $x=-1$ | HA: $y=0$ |

Jan 5-2:46 PM

Graph. State Domain, Range, Vertical and Horizontal Asymptotes

$y = \frac{-4}{x+2} - 1$

(1st) VA: $x=-2$ H.A. $y=-1$

(2nd) $\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline x & y \\ \hline 0 & -3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ choose pt

Domain: $\mathbb{R} \setminus x=-2$
Range: $\mathbb{R} \setminus y=-1$

Jan 5-2:46 PM

2nd form of rational functions...ITS DIFFERENT how?

$$y = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$$

$cx+d=0$
 $cx=-d$
 $x = -\frac{d}{c}$ VA

Vertical Asymptote is the line $x = -d/c$. WHY???

Horizontal Asymptote is the line $y = a/c$.

Jan 5-2:46 PM

GRAPH and State Domain, Range, Vertical and Horizontal Asymptotes.

$y = \frac{2x+1}{x-3}$

(1st) Find
VA: $x-3=0$
 $x=3$

(2nd) Plot Points
 $\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline x & y \\ \hline 0 & -\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$

Domain: $\mathbb{R} \setminus x=3$
Range: $\mathbb{R} \setminus y=2$

Jan 5-3:04 PM

Try...first decide which type of expression it is...

1.) $y = \frac{-2}{x+1} - 4$
(1st) VA: $x=-1$ HA: $y=-4$

2.) $y = \frac{3x-4}{2x+1}$
(1st) VA: $2x+1=0$
 $2x=-1$
(VA) $x=-\frac{1}{2}$

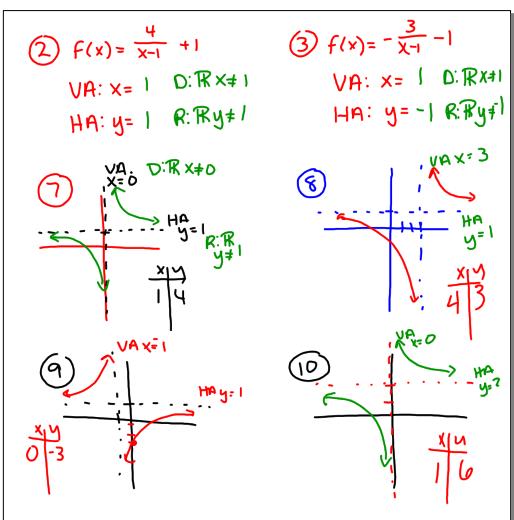
$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline x & y \\ \hline -2 & -2 \\ -1 & \text{VA} \\ 0 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$

Domain: $\mathbb{R} \setminus x=-1$
Range: $\mathbb{R} \setminus y=-4$

$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline x & y \\ \hline -2 & -2 \\ -1 & \text{VA} \\ 0 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$

Domain: $\mathbb{R} \setminus x=-\frac{1}{2}$
Range: $\mathbb{R} \setminus y=\frac{3}{2}$

Apr 10-8:58 AM



Apr 20-8:33 AM

ws FACTORIZING FUN

5 $2x^2 - 4x - 30$
 $2(x^2 - 2x - 15)$
 $2(x+3)(x-5)$

6 $x^2 - 49$
 $(x-7)(x+7)$

7 $3x^2 - 12$
 $3(x^2 - 4)$
 $3(x-2)(x+2)$

8 $-2x^2 + 2$
 $-2(x^2 - 1)$
 $-2(x-1)(x+1)$

16 $x^2 - 12x + 32 = 0$
 $(x-4)(x-8) = 0$
 $x-4 = 0 \quad x-8 = 0$
 $x=4 \quad x=8$

3 $2x^2 - 5x - 3$
 $(2x+1)(x-3)$

Apr 30-12:40 PM

Hw. Pg 561, #16-19, 24, 26, 28-31

May 4-2:12 PM